

From the Triumphal Entry into Jerusalem to the Crucifixion of Jesus, the King of the Jews [2]

Judas Iscariot

1. why did Judas do it?
 - a. Greed (John 12.1–8; also see Matthew 26.6–13; Mark 14.3–9)
 - b. Satan entered him (Luke 22.3; John 13.2, 27)
2. Judas agrees to betray Jesus for thirty pieces of silver (Matthew 26.14–16; Mark 14.10–11; Luke 22.1–6)
3. how did he do it?
 - a. They couldn't arrest Jesus in front of the people (Mark 12.12)
 - b. He told them where Jesus would be where he was vulnerable

Last Supper

1. washing of disciples' feet, one will betray him, new commandment to love, communion instituted, extensive teaching on obedience, love, holy spirit, and separation from the world in light of Jesus leaving, etc. (Matthew 26.17–35; Mark 14.12–31; Luke 22.7–38; John 13.1–17.26)

Events at Gethsemane

1. prayer (Matthew 26.36–46; Mark 14.32–42; Luke 22.39–46)
2. betrayal (Matthew 26.47–49; Mark 14.43–45; Luke 22.47–48; John 18.1–9)
3. arrest (Matthew 26.49–56; Mark 14.46–51; Luke 22.49–53; John 18.10–12)

Trials

1. before Annas, High Priest (John 18.13–14, 19–24)
2. before Council and Caiaphas, High Priest (Matthew 26.57–68; Mark 14.53–65; Luke 22.63–71; John 18.24)
3. Peter's denials (Matthew 26.69–75; Mark 14.66–72; Luke 22.54–62; John 18.15–18, 25–27)
4. before Pilate, Governor of Judea (1) (Matthew 27.1–2, 11–14; Mark 15.1–5; Luke 23.1–5; John 18.28–38)
5. before Herod Antipas, Tetrarch of Galilee (Luke 23.6–12)
6. before Pilate, Governor of Judea (2) (Matthew 27.15–31; Mark 15.6–20; Luke 23.13–25; John 18.38b–19.16a)

Crucifixion

1. sentence passed (Matthew 27.26; Mark 15.15; Luke 23.25; John 19.16)
2. crucifixion (Matthew 27.32–44; Mark 15.21–32; Luke 23.26–43; John 19.16b–27)
 - a. the sign: "This is Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews" (Matthew 27.37; Mark 15.26; Luke 23.38; John 19.19–22)
 - b. temptations to come down (possible fulfillment of Luke 4.13)

- i. the people standing by said, “Aha! You who would destroy the temple and build it in three days, save yourself, [If you are the Son of God] come down from the cross!” and “he saved others; let him save himself if he is the Messiah of God, his chosen one!” (Matthew 27.39–40; Mark 15.29–30; Luke 23.35)
- ii. the chief priests and scribes said, “he saved others; he cannot save himself. Let the Messiah, the King of Israel, come down from the cross now, so that we may see and believe. [He trusts in God; let God deliver him now, if he wants to; for he said, ‘I am God’s Son.’]” (Matthew 27.42–43; Mark 15.31–32)
- iii. the soldiers said, “if you are the King of the Jews, save yourself!” (Luke 23.37)
- iv. one of the crucified criminals said, “Are you the Messiah? Save yourself and us!” (Luke 23.39)
- c. seven sayings from the cross
 - i. “Father, forgive them; for they do not know what they are doing”(Luke 23.34)¹
 - ii. “Eloi, Eloi, lema sabachthani?” which means, “My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?” (Matthew 27.46; Mark 16.34)
 - iii. he said to his mother “Woman, here is your son.” Then he said to the disciple, “Here is your mother.” (John 19.27)
 - iv. “Truly I say to you today, you shall be with me in Paradise” (Luke 23.43)
 - v. “I am thirsty” (John 19.28)
 - vi. “It is finished” (John 19.30)
 - vii. “Father, into your hands I commit my spirit” (Luke 23.45)
- 3. death (Matthew 27.45–56; Mark 15.33–41; Luke 23.44–49; John 19.28–37)
- 4. burial (Matthew 27.57–61; Mark 15.42–47; Luke 23.50–56; John 19.38–42)
- 5. guard at the tomb (Matthew 27.62–66)

Three Days of Despair

- 1. what the crucifixion means
 - a. deterrent to anyone who would rebel against the Roman Empire
- 2. The disciples had not yet understood why Jesus died.
 - a. Mark 8.31–33; Luke 9.43–45; Luke 18.31–34
- 3. What do you do if your messiah died?

Resurrection Appearances

- 1. Matthew 28.1–15; Mark 16.1–8; Luke 24.1–49; John 20.1–21.25)
 - a. this changes everything

¹ This saying is missing from several key early manuscripts and may not have been uttered by Jesus.